# Noise Robust Surface Reconstruction by Combining PU and Graph-cut

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#### **Overview**

We present a novel method of reconstructing surfaces from 3D scattered points by combining Partition of Unity (PU) and a Graph-cut approach. PU is a local approximation technique, meaning that the surfaces obtained have high accuracy but are sensitive to noise. Graph-cut, on the other hand, is a global algorithm that is robust to noise but produces low-accuracy results because it is a discrete binary operation.



Sampling points



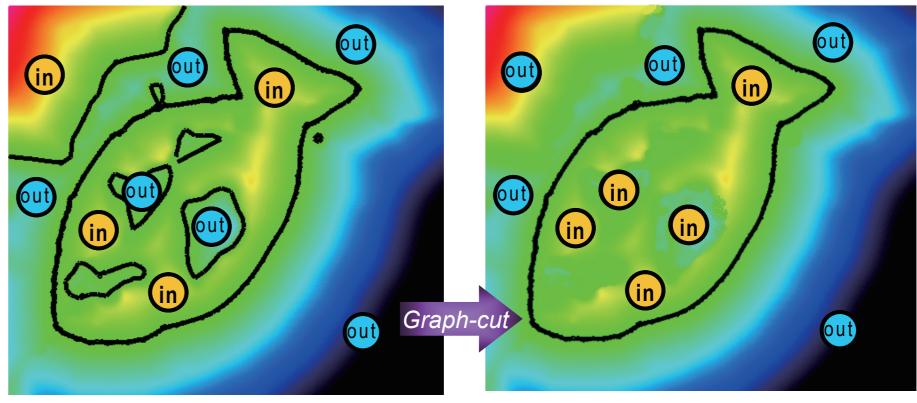
PU only



PU + Graph-cut

Our algorithm combines PU and Graph-cut to achieve robust, high accuracy surface reconstruction. 1. A PU implicit function is constructed by covering a space containing a point cloud with spherical supports of linear polynomials. 2. Graph-cut is performed to separate the covered domain into inside and outside areas of the object to be reconstructed. 3. The surface mesh is extracted using the marching tetrahedra approach.

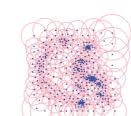
PU scalar field



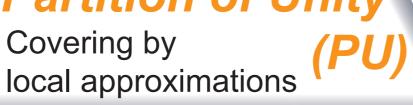
#### **Outline**

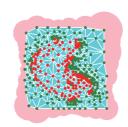


Points with normals



**Partition of Unity** 





**Graph-cut** Tetrahedral meshing,

In/out classification



Surface mesh generation

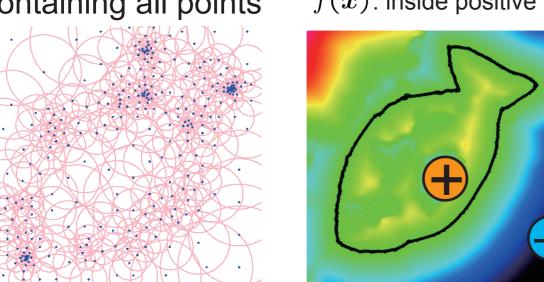
## 1. Partition of Unity (PU) Implicit

local approximation plane  $g_i(x)$ with spherical support surface f(x) = 0 $f(x) = \frac{\sum_{i} w_i(x) g_i(x)}{\sum_{i} w_i(x)}$ 

Spherical cover of the domain containing all points

f(x): inside positive

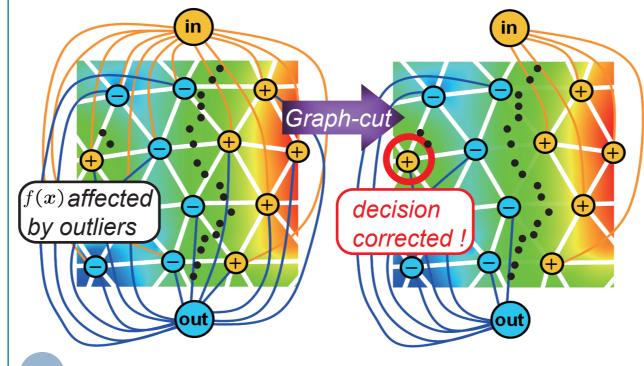
 $w_i({m x})$ : 2nd degree B-spline



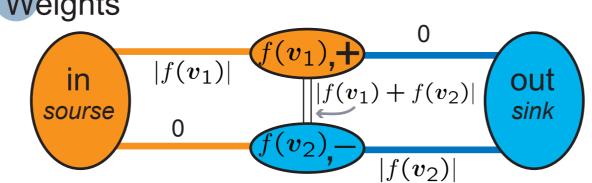
## 2. Graph-cut

Graph: weighted Delaunay tetrahedrization for sphere centers  $\{(c_i, r_i^2)\}$ 

- + terminals (source and sink)
- + edges { (terminal, mesh vertex) }

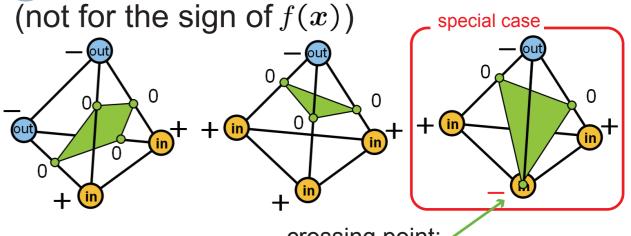


Weights

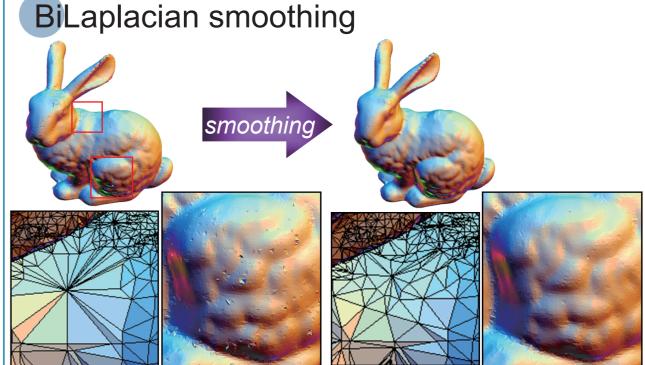


## 3. Surface Mesh Generation

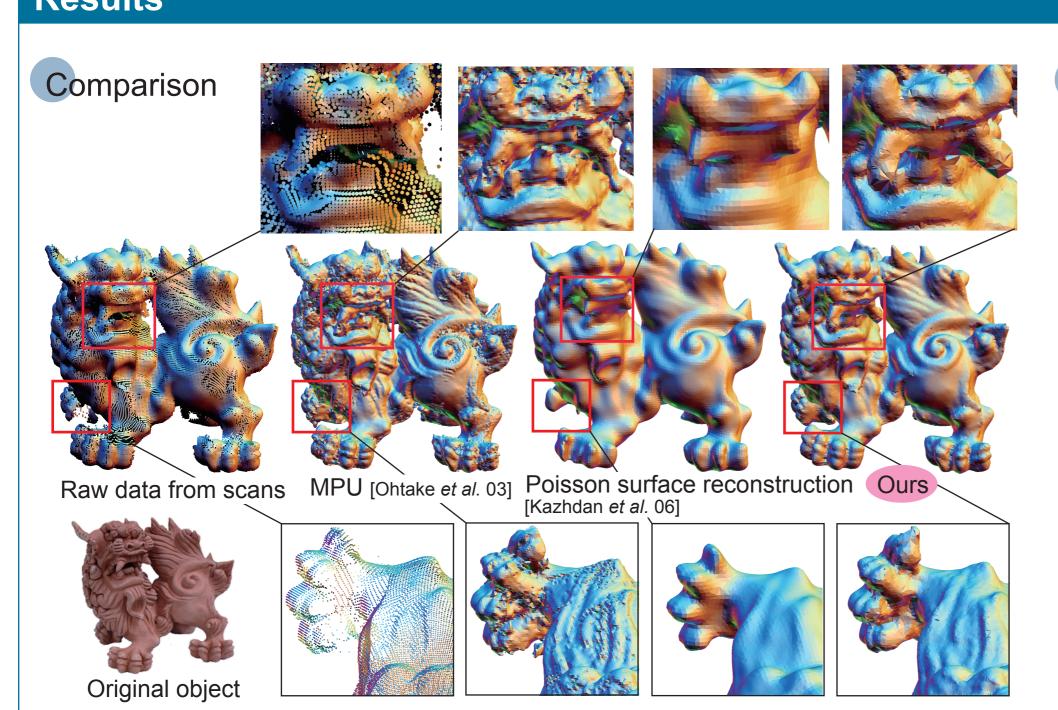
Marching tetrahedra for in/out decision



crossing point: the end point with smaller |f(x)|

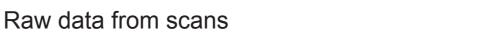


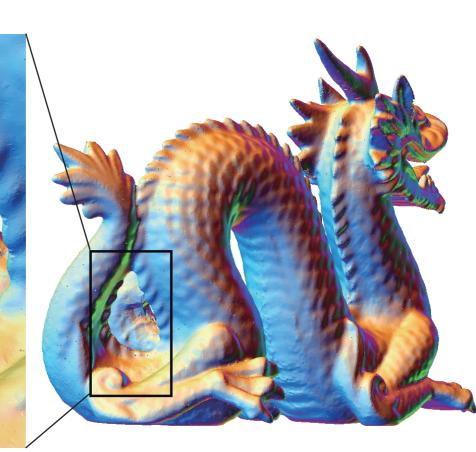
## Results



## Hole filling







Result